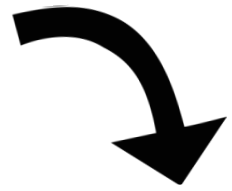


# FISH



# DEFINITION POSTERS



## Fish

Animals that breathe using gills.



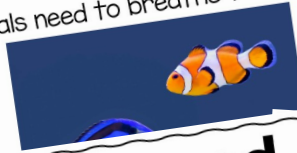
## Habitat

The home of an animal.



## Oxygen

A type of invisible gas all plants and animals need to breathe to survive.



## Cold-blooded

Animals that become colder or hotter depending on the temperature of their environment.



## Scales

Flat, not bendable body parts.



## Oviparous

Animals that lay eggs to reproduce.



## Balanced

Staying upright without tipping or falling over.

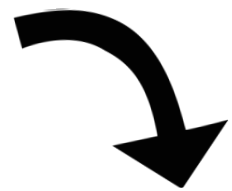


## Fins

Parts that help animals who stay balanced as they swim.



# POWERPOINT & POSTERS



## Fish



Fish can be found in all kinds of habitats, including ponds, rivers, oceans, and a fish tank or aquarium.

Fish are animals that live in water their whole lives. Some fish live in salt water and some fish live in fresh water.



Fish can live in all kinds of habitats: ponds, rivers, oceans, and a fish tank or aquarium.



Some fish are very small, but some fish can grow very large. The largest fish is a whale shark.



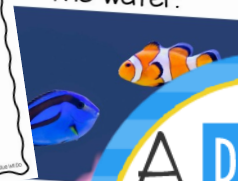
But fish have several different types of scales. Fish are covered in scales.



If you feel a fish's scales, they feel smooth in one direction and rough or pointy in the opposite direction.



Fish have tails and fins on their bodies to help them swim. Fins help them steer and stay balanced in the water.

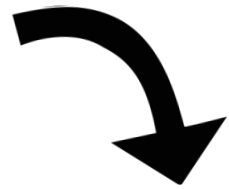


A DAB of  
**GLUE**  
will do

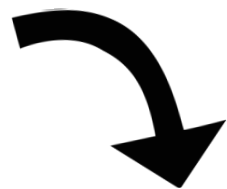




# EMERGENT READER



# ANIMAL POSTERS



**Seahorse**  
HABITAT: oceans, and temperate  
DIET: cyclop  
PREY: copepods  
FUN FACTS: 1) 2

**Great White Shark**  
HABITAT: oceans, and temperate  
DIET: car seals, seal  
PREDATOR: since it's the 1 chain  
FUN FACTS: 1) largest predator

**Stingray**  
HABITAT: tropical, warm oceans  
DIET: carnivore - mollusks, crustaceans (clams, crabs)  
PREDATOR: large fish, seals, seal lions, sharks  
FUN FACTS: 1) skeletons are made of cartilage

**Tuna**  
HABITAT: Pacific, Atlantic, and Indian Oceans  
DIET: carnivore - krill, pilchards, squid  
PREDATOR: orca whales, sharks, humans  
FUN FACTS: 1) one of the Fastest Fish 2) most consumed species in

**Clownfish**  
HABITAT: coral reefs, South America  
DIET: plankton  
PREY: shrimp  
FUN FACTS: 1)

**Goldfish**  
HABITAT: Freshwater  
DIET: omnivore  
PREDATOR: blue herons  
FUN FACTS: 1) do not have eyelids so they have to blink with their eyes 2) no eyelids so they have to blink with their eyes

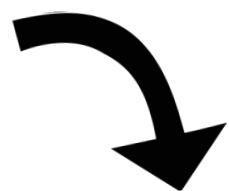
**Electric Eel**  
HABITAT: shallow, muddy areas of Amazon and Orinoco rivers in South America  
DIET: carnivore - fish, amphibians, birds small mammals  
PREDATOR/THREAT: none since it's the top of the food chain  
FUN FACTS: 1) can produce electricity to protect itself and hunt 2) poor eyesight 3) can grow 8 feet long

**Swordfish**  
HABITAT: Indian Atlantic, Pacific Oceans - warm waters  
DIET: carnivore - fish, octopus, squid  
PREDATOR: Food





# PARTS OF A FISH



### Parts of a Minnow

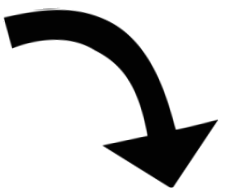
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Let's Label the Minnow!

### Parts of a Swordfish

### Label the Swordfish!

# LIFE CYCLE



### Life Cycle of Seahorses

### Fry

The male seahorse gives birth to a baby seahorse called a fry. Once born, they float together in groups staying connected.

### Adult Seahorse

Once mature, seahorses can reproduce. After mating, they stay together.

### Juveniles

During this time seahorses continue to grow, however, their body does not change much at all. Juveniles can eat thousands of organisms a day.

### Adult Seahorse

Once mature, seahorses can reproduce. After mating, they stay together.

### Lifecycle of a Seahorse!

Name: \_\_\_\_\_



# PICTURE SORT

**Am I a Fish?**

**yes** | **no**



**Fish**

These animals: 1) breathe underwater using gills 2) live in water 3) have scales and fins 4) are cold-blooded 5) lay many eggs



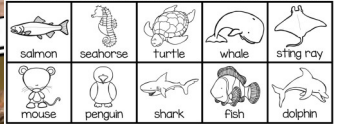
Fish

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Am I a Fish?**

**yes** | **no**

yes	no



copyright © a dab of glue inc.

copyright © a dab of glue inc.

