

# BEAVERS

an animal study





# Rodent

Mammals with long, sharp teeth they use for gnawing.



# Dam

A wall built across a stream or back water. Beavers build this pond to live in.



# Lodge

A beaver's home. These are built out of branches, mud, and stone.



# Gnaw

to cut away by taking many small bites over and over.



# Trapper

A person that traps wild animals like beavers.



A group of beavers that live together.



# Nocturnal

Animals that are active at night and sleep during the day.



# Beavers



North America



largest



They avoid places that are too hot or too cold.



They like to live in streams and lakes near woodland areas.



Beavers can live for many years in the wild.



Beavers live in large groups called colonies.



They work together to build a dam out of mud and wood.



A beaver then builds a home called a lodge. This is dome shaped and has underwater entrances that help keep them safe.



# Parts of a Beaver



Beavers are large and weigh up to 60 pounds.



A beaver's tail looks like a paddle. It can be used to slap the water to warn the other beavers that a predator is coming.



Beavers are slow on land, but have webbed feet to help them swim.



A beaver's front teeth never stop growing.



This is why they are good at chewing on wood.



Beavers have a good sense of hearing, smell, and touch. Their eyesight is not very good.



Females are either the same size or slightly larger than males.



Beavers are herbivores. They usually eat wood from trees, pondweed, and water lilies.





# Beavers

can

have

are

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## Rodent

Mammals with long, sharp teeth that they use for gnawing.



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Animal Classification

Mammal	Amphibian	Reptile	Fish	Bird

snake

camel

fish

frog

owl

toad

chicken

turtle

whale

shark

Mouse

Squirrel

Zebra

Frog

Penguin

Reindeer

Not a Rodent

## Am I a rodent?

yes

no

### Parts of a Beaver



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

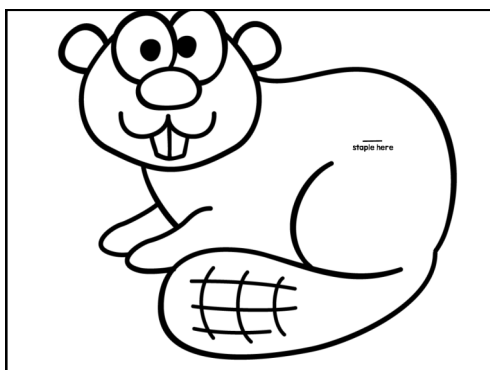
### Let's Label the Beaver!



ear	nose	eye	mouth	foot
tail	fur	whiskers		

ear	nose	eye	mouth	foot
tail	fur	whiskers		

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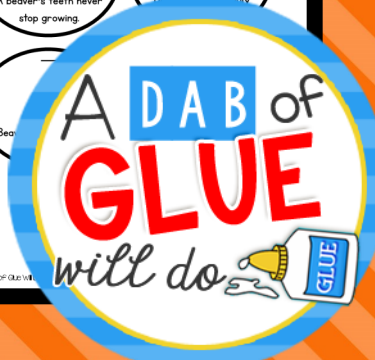


Beaver Facts

by: \_\_\_\_\_

Beaver Facts

by: \_\_\_\_\_



# Beavers and Otters

How are they similar and different?

A beaver is a relative of a rat. An otter is a relative of a weasel.

Both beavers and otters have brown fur.

A beaver's teeth never stop growing. An otter's teeth stop growing at some point.



A beaver's tail is rounded, while an otter's tail is flat. A beaver's body is elongated, while an otter's body is more rounded.

Both beavers and otters have webbed feet to help them swim, however only the back feet of the beaver are webbed.

A beaver and an otter both have long tails. The beaver's tail is broader and flatter and the otter's tail looks more like a cat's.

Beavers move much slower on land than otters. Beavers waddle, while otters can walk or run.



Beavers move much slower on land than otters. Beavers waddle, while otters can walk or run.

A beaver is a herbivore. An otter is a carnivore.

Beavers live in a lodge that they build along the water. An otter lives in a holt that is usually part of the landscape, like a tree or rock.

Beavers and otters prefer to live near water. Otters prefer moving along a river or stream.



Beavers will build a lodge that provides them with a body of water. A beaver does not mind living near water.

Both beavers and otters are hunted for their fur.

whale 

shark 

both

Beavers and Sharks

can \_\_\_\_\_

an \_\_\_\_\_

and sharks can \_\_\_\_\_



animal research

\_\_\_\_\_

by: \_\_\_\_\_

Appearance

Diet

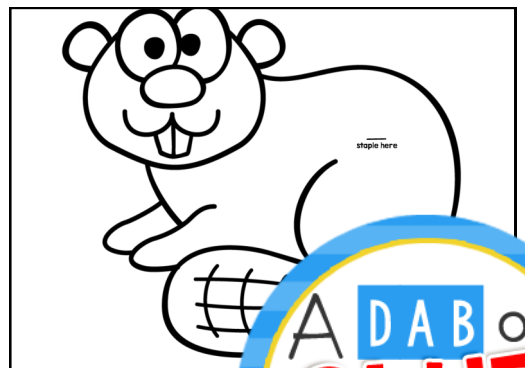
Predators

Habitat

Behaviors

Adaptations

Source



A DAB of GLUE will do 